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From Tuesday January 11, to Saturday January 15. 1714.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Discovering the Author, Printer, and Publishers of a Malicious and Traiterous Libel, Intituled, *English Advice to the Freeholders of* England; And for Preventing Riots and Tumults at the ensuing Election of Members to Serve in Parliament.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS *We have Received Information, That a most Malicious and Traiterous Libel Intituled,* English Advice to the Freeholders of *England, has lately been Printed and Dispersed throughout our Kingdoms with the utmost Industry, nevertheless by the Care and Vigilance of Our Magistrates great Numbers thereof are Intercepted in our City of* Exon, *some being Directed to Sir* John Coriton, *Sir* Nicholas Morice, Jonathan Elford, *Esq*, Philip Rashley, *Esq*; Francis Scobell, *Esq*; John Williams, *Esq*, Mr. Granville Piper, *Mr.* Welshman, *Mr.* William Cary, *Mr.* Prousse, *Mr.* Phillips, *Mr.* Tonkin, *Mr.* Cunnock Kendall *respectively, in Our County of* Cornwall, *others thereof to the Reverend Mr.* Shute, *the Reverend Mr.* Hughes, *the Reverend Mr.* Collyer, *and the Reverend Mr.* Bedford *respectively, in Our said County, and others thereof to the Mayor of Our Borough of* Westloe *in Our said County, whereby, as well as from the Contents of the said Libel, We are Convinced that the same is a Wicked Contrivance meant not only to Spread Sedition, and to Inflame the Minds of Our Loving Subjects, but also by Alienating their Affections from Us and Our Government, to Promote the Interest of the Pretender, and in order thereto to Raise Disturbances in the approaching Elections of Members to Serve in Parliament; We being Resolved, as far as in Us lies, to bring the Authors and Contrivers of such Traiterous Designs to Condign Punishment; and to deter all others from the like Attempts for the future, have thought fit by the Advice of Our Privy-Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Promising a Reward of One thousand Pounds to any Person or Persons, who shall Discover the Author or Authors of the said Traiterous Libel to any One of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons, who shall discover the Printer or Printers thereof as aforesaid, to the end that such Author or Printer may be Prosecuted according to Law; which respective Rewards Our Commissioners for Executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer, are hereby directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Magistrates in and throughout Our Kingdom of* Great Britain, *That they do make diligent Search and Enquiry after the said Author, Printer or Publishers; and that they do Apprehend and Seize the said Persons, and all others whom they shall find Dispersing the said Libel, and give proper Information thereof, so as the said Offenders may be dealt with as the utmost Rigour of Justice requires.*

And whereas there is nothing which we so earnestly desire, as to Secure the Peace and Prosperity of Our Kingdoms, and to Preserve to all Our Loving Subjects the full Enjoyment of their Rights and Liberties, as well Religious as Civil, and in a most particular manner the Freedom of their Elections of Members to Serve in Parliament, and being satisfied that the same hath been of late Years greatly Invaded by the Encouragements which have been given to Tumults, Riots and other indirect Practices in the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament: And it being most apparent, that such Evil-minded Persons are now Fomenting and Carrying on the same Dangerous Practices. We do hereby Declare Our Highest Resentment and Displeasure against all such Illegal Proceedings, strictly Prohibiting the same, as being most Injurious to Our Government, and to the Fundamental Rights of Our People. And We do further Charge and Command all Our Sheriffs Justices of Peace, Chief Magistrates in Our Cities, Boroughs, and Corporations and all other Our Officers and Magistrates throughout Our Kingdom of Great-Britain, *That they do in their several and respective Stations take the most Effectual Care to Suppress and Prevent all Riots Tumults, and other Disorders which shall be Raised or Made by any Person or Persons whatsoever, at or in the approaching Elections of Members to Serve in Parliament, and that they do put the Laws in Execution against all Offenders in that behalf. And we do further Require and Command all and every Our Magistrates aforesaid That they do from time to time, Transmit to One of Our Principal Secretaries of State due and full Informations of all such Persons who shall be found Offending, as aforesaid, or in any degree Aiding or Abetting therein; It being Our Royal Resolution to Punish the same according to the utmost Severity of Law.*

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Eleventh Day of *January*, 1714. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the KING.

St. *James's*, *January* 14. The following Addresses have been presented to his Majesty.

An humble Address of the Sovereign, Burgesses, Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the Borough of Carlingford in the Kingdom of Ireland; presented to his Majesty by ---- Stannus, Esq; introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Sunderland, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

An humble Address of the Protestant Dissenting Ministers in the Counties of Devon and Cornwal; presented to his Majesty by Mr. Calamy, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addresses his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Venice, December 29. Last Week we received Letters from Constantinople dated the 12th of November. They relate, that according to the best Accounts which could be procured, the Naval Force which the Turks were continuing with all Diligence to fit out, will consist of 50 Men of War, 20 Galleys, and many other Vessels, including the Shipping of Algiers, Tunis and Tripoli, which was ordered to be at Constantinople in March. But they assure us, that the Turks want Officers and experienced Seamen. 'Twas reported, that the Grand Signior was not at all inclined to make War, that the Divan was divided about it, and that what had determined the Port to it, was the Fear of an Insurrection by the Janisaries, whom therefore it appeared necessary to employ abroad. They add, that six large Men of War were ordered to lye at Anchor off the Point of Land where the Seraglio stands, for the Security of the Grand Signior's Person.

Madrid, Jan. 1. The Queen before she left Pampelona, dismiss'd all the Italians of her Houshold or Retinue who came with her from Parma, except only the Princess of Piombino. Her Majesty having set out from Pampelona the 15th of last Month, came forward by long Days Journeys, without stopping to see the Entertainments which were prepared in Navarre at every Town in her Passage, and the 22d at 9 a Clock at Night she arrived at Xadraque: The Weather was very cold, and much Snow had fallen: At Xadraque Her Majesty found waiting for her the Princess Urfini, who went down some Steps from the Top of the Stairs to receive her and kiss her Hand. The Queen went into her Chamber, followed by that Princess, who entring into Conversation with her Majesty gave such Offence, that her Majesty bid her retire to her own Apartment: Soon after, the Queen came out of her Room, and calling for Lieutenant General Don Juan Antonio Amezaga, who commanded the Life-Guards, which